

THE NATIONAL TREASURY & ECONOMIC PLANNING MONTHLY DEBT BULLETIN NOVEMBER 2023

I. I Introduction

The total nominal public and publicly guaranteed debt stock as at end of November 2023 was Ksh. 10,887.25 billion (67.5 percent of GDP¹) equivalent to USD 7I.07 billion. Domestic debt stock was Ksh. 4,990.75 billion (30.9 percent of GDP), equivalent to USD² 32.59 billion, while the external debt stock was Ksh. 5,896.50 billion (36.6 percent of GDP), equivalent to USD 38.50 billion. Domestic and external debt stock accounted for 45.8 percent and 54.2 percent of total debt stock, respectively.

I.2 Movement in Exchange Rates

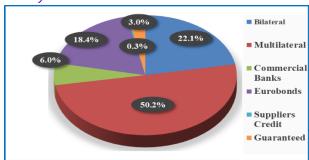
Kenya's public and publicly guaranteed debt is denominated in five major currencies, namely the USD, Euro, Yen, Yuan and Sterling Pound. During the month under review, the Kenya shilling depreciated against the USD by I.7 percent, Japanese Yen by 3.6 percent, 4.4 percent against the Chinese Yuan, 5.4 percent against the Euro and 6.4 percent against the Sterling Pound. The base³ exchange rates for the aforementioned five currencies, notably the USD, Euro, Yen, Yuan and Sterling Pound were Ksh. I50.56, Ksh. I59.56, Ksh. I00.27, Ksh. 20.58 and Ksh. I82.72 respectively.

I.3 Size of Public and Publicly Guaranteed External Debt

Overall, the National Government's external debt stock increased by Ksh. I50.19 billion from Ksh 5,746.32 billion in October 2023 to Ksh. 5,896.50 billion in November 2023. This was attributed to disbursements made during the month and the

depreciation of the Kenya shilling against major currencies. Debt owed to bilateral creditors increased by Ksh 34.65 billion from Ksh. I,266.67 billion to Ksh. I,30I.32 billion while multilateral debt increased by Ksh. 8I.08 billion from Ksh. 2,88I.85 billion to Ksh. 2,962.94 billion. Commercial debt increased by Ksh. 30.34 billion from Ksh. I,425.54 billion to Ksh. I,455.88 billion during the same period. Publicly guaranteed external debt marginally increased by 4.I2 billion from Ksh. I72.25 billion in October 2023 to Ksh. I76.37 billion in November 2023.

Chart I: External Debt Composition as at end of November 2023 (As a percentage of total External Debt)



Source: National Treasury

I.4 Movement of Domestic Debt

The domestic debt stock increased by Ksh. 77.72 billion from Ksh. 4,913.03 billion in October 2023 to Ksh. 4,990.75 billion in November 2023. The stock of Treasury bills decreased by Ksh. 1.61 billion from Ksh. 557.23 billion to Ksh. 555.62 billion whereas stock of Treasury bonds increased by Ksh. 65.83 billion from Ksh 4,159.08 billion to Ksh 4,224.91 billion during the same period. Others

¹ Kshs. 16,131.50 billion

² Kshs to USD 153.15

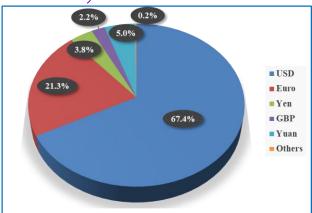
³ End October 2023 is the base month for all parameters

including pre-I997 CBK debt, Government overdraft at the Central Bank of Kenya, advances from commercial banks and IMF SDR Allocation increased by Ksh I3.50 billion from Ksh I96.72 billion to Ksh 2I0.22 billion during the same period.

I.5 Currency composition of external debt

The proportion of external debt denominated in USD, Euro, Yen, Yuan and Sterling Pound was at 67.4 percent, 2I.3 percent, 3.8 percent, 5.0 percent and 2.2 percent respectively. Other currencies⁴ accounted for 0.2 percent of total external debt (Chart 2). The Government is currently exercising currency diversification with an aim of mitigating the exchange rate risk on external debt.

Chart 2: External Debt by Currency Composition as at end November 2023 (As percent of Total External Debt)



Source: National Treasury

I.6 Actual Cumulative External Debt Service

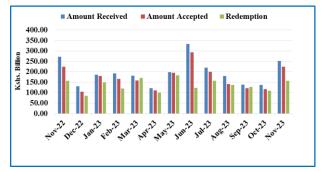
The actual cumulative external debt service as at end November 2023 was Ksh. 2I2.87 billion against a target of 879.46 billion. External debt service during the month of November 2023 was Ksh 28.29 billion, comprising principal repayments and interest payments of Ksh. 8.36 billion and Ksh. I9.93 billion respectively. Debt service to bilateral creditors accounted for 42 percent of the total cumulative debt service while commercial, multilateral creditors and

guarantees accounted for 33 percent, 22 percent and 3 percent, respectively.

1.7 Domestic Borrowing

During the month of November 2023, Government securities amounting to Ksh. 146.00 billion were advertised. Bids worth Ksh. 252.55 billion were received, comprising of Ksh. 163.65 billion and Ksh. 88.90 billion Treasury bills and bonds respectively. Bids worth Ksh. 223.90 billion were successful, out of which Ksh. 156.84 billion and Ksh. 67.06 billion were Treasury bills and bonds respectively. The monthly Treasury bills redemptions were Ksh. 156.90 (Chart 3). In aggregate, the exchequer had a surplus of Ksh. 67 billion during the month.

Chart 3: Government Securities Performance from November 2022 to November 2023 in Ksh. Billions



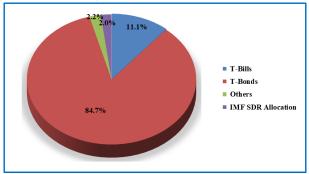
Source: National Treasury

1.8 Domestic Debt by Instruments

As at the end of November 2023, the ratio of bonds to bills was 85:II. The Government overdraft at the Central Bank of Kenya and historical bank advances from commercial accounted for 2.2 percent while IMF SDR Allocation accounted for 2 percent of domestic debt stock during the same period (Chart 4).

⁴ Other currencies include Danish Kroner, A frican Unit of Account, Kuwait Dinar, Korean won, Indian Rupee, Canadian Dollar, Saudi Riyal, Swedish Kroner and Emirati Dirham

Chart 4: Stock of Domestic debt instruments as at the end of November 2023 (Percentage of Total Domestic Debt)



Source: National Treasury

1.9 Net Domestic Financing

The net domestic borrowing as at end of November 2023 was Ksh. 2I3.82 billion against an annual target of Ksh. 422.75 billion for FY 2023/24.

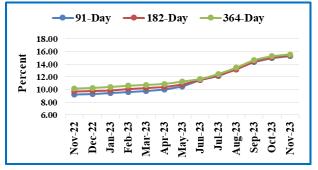
I.10 Cumulative Domestic Interest Payments

As at end of November 2023, the actual cumulative domestic interest payment amounted to Ksh. 246.99 billion against a cumulative target of 646.36 billion for FY 2023/24. Interest payments for Treasury bonds and bills in the month of November was Ksh. 6I.88 billion and Ksh. 7.35 billion, respectively. The interest payment on the overdraft was Ksh. 0.74 billion.

I.II Average Interest rates for Treasury Bills

On average, there was a marginal change in interest rate for Treasury bills during the month. The average interest rates for 9I-day, I82-day, and 364-day Treasury bills increased to I5.32 percent, I5.39 percent and I5.57 percent in November 2023 from I4.96 percent, I5.03 percent and I5.26 percent in October 2023, respectively as shown in Chart 5.

Chart 5: Average Interest rates for Treasury Bills from November 2022 to November 2023



Source: National Treasury

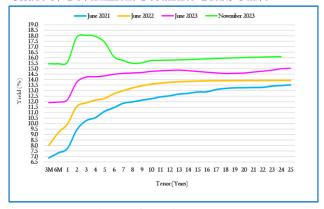
The average interest rates for the 9I-day, I82-day and 364-day Treasury bills increased by 36, 36 and 3I basis points, respectively.

I.12 Government Securities Yields

The interest rates have been on the rise both in the international capital markets and domestic market following monetary policy tightening by the Central Banks both in the advanced and developing economies to contain inflationary pressures.

The 91 Day Treasury bill interest rates has increased from 6.86 percent at end June 2021 to 15.44 percent as at end November 2023 (858 basis points increase) as shown in Chart 6.

Chart 6: Government Securities Yield Curve



Source: Nairobi Stock Exchange

I.13 Average Time to Maturity for Treasury Bonds

The Average Time to Maturity (ATM) for Treasury Bonds during the month of November 2023 was 8.3 years.

I. 14 Sovereign Credit Rating

Kenya was assigned a B sovereign credit rating by Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Fitch in 2006, and 2007, respectively. It was assigned a B+, equivalent of BI rating by Moody's in 2012, which was the only rating agency to upgrade Kenya's sovereign rating to B2 in 2018. S&P did cut Kenya's ratings outlook from stable to negative. While Fitch credited Kenya at B with a negative outlook and B3 with a negative outlook by Moody's (Annex I). The variations in the credit rating scores of the three agencies shows the influence of subjectivity and the perceptions generated in the qualitative analysis.

In order for Kenya to graduate to investment grade (BBB-) and attract cheaper debt from global markets, there is need for: actualizing the long planned fiscal consolidation; improvement of export sector performance and expand foreign reserves accumulation; promotion of economic growth to boost GDP per Capita; and improve on food production, access and affordability in order to lower and stabilize the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Real Effective Exchange Rate (REER), among others.

ANNEX I: KENYA'S CREDITR ATING

| Agency | Rating | Outlook | Date |
|--------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| Moody's | В3 | Negative | July 28 2023 |
| Fitch | В | Negative | July 20 2023 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Negative | Feb 28 2023 |
| Fitch | В | Stable | Dec 14 2022 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Stable | Aug 25 2022 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Stable | Mar 05 2021 |
| Standard and Poors | B+ | Negative | Jul 14 2020 |
| Fitch | B+ | Negative | Jun 19 2020 |
| Moody's | B2 | Negative | May 07 2020 |
| Moody's | B2 | Stable | Feb 13 2018 |
| Fitch Rating | B+ | Stable | Feb 09 2018 |
| Moody's | BI | Under Review | Oct 02 2017 |
| Standard and Poors | B+ | Stable | Oct 14 2016 |
| Standard and Poors | B+ | Negative | Oct 16 2015 |
| Fitch Rating | B+ | Negative | Jul 17 2015 |
| Moody's | BI | Stable | Nov 08 2012 |
| Standard and Poors | B+ | Stable | Nov 19 2010 |
| Fitch Rating | B+ | Stable | Jan 16 2009 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Positive | Aug 04 2008 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Stable | Mar IO 2008 |
| Standard and Poors | В | Negative | Feb 04 2008 |
| Fitch Rating | B+ | Negative | Jan 30 2008 |
| Fitch Rating | B+ | Stable | Dec 12 2007 |
| Standard and Poors | B+ | Stable | Sep 08 2006 |

Source: National Treasury

ANNEX II: STOCK OF PUBLIC AND PUBLICLY GUARANTEED EXTERNAL

| DEBT BY SOURCE AS AT THE END OF SEPTEMBER 2023 IN KSH MILLIONS | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|--|--|
| CREDITOR | Stock at the End | Stock at the End | CHANGE | | |
| BILATERAL | O ctober 2023 | November 2023 | | | |
| BELGIUM | 26,236.38 | 27,459.45 | 1,223.07 | | |
| AUSTRIA | | | 108.52 | | |
| | 2,000.96 | 2,109.48 | | | |
| DENMARK | 371.38 | 392.03 | 20.65 | | |
| FINLAND | 568.74 | 599.59 | 30.85 | | |
| FRANCE | 111,987.31 | 117,846.59 | 5,859.28 | | |
| GERMANY | 49,674.76 | 52,368.88 | 2,694.11 | | |
| ITALY | 31,294.52 | 32,129.37 | 834.85 | | |
| J APAN | 101,846.45 | 105,499.84 | 3,653.39 | | |
| USA | 1,149.88 | 1,169.67 | 19.79 | | |
| SPAIN | 15,469.85 | 16,425.42 | 955.58 | | |
| Other PARIS CLUB | 2,208.36 | 2,246.37 | 38.01 | | |
| Other NON -PARIS CLUB | 25,886.22 | 26,088.17 | 201.94 | | |
| CHINA | 897,977.14 | 916,982.17 | 19,005.03 | | |
| Sub Total | 1,266,671.96 | 1,301,317.03 | 34,645.07 | | |
| MULTILATERAL | | | | | |
| ADB/ADF | 559,108.57 | 576,812.52 | 17,703.94 | | |
| EEC/EIB | 29,423.02 | 31,017.37 | 1,594.35 | | |
| IDA | 1,674,278.32 | 1,721,075.36 | 46,797.04 | | |
| IFAD | 36,706.73 | 39,574.90 | 2,868.17 | | |
| I MF | 404,172.54 | 412,637.46 | 8,464.91 | | |
| Others | 178,164.57 | 181,818.32 | 3,653.75 | | |
| Sub Total | 2,881,853.76 | 2,962,935.92 | 81,082.16 | | |
| COMMERCIAL | | | | | |
| Commercial Bank | 340,167.77 | 351,383.73 | 11,215.95 | | |
| International Sovereign Bond | 1,068,967.48 | 1,087,365.00 | 18,397.52 | | |
| Suppliers Credit | 16,403.65 | 17,127.26 | 723.61 | | |
| Sub Total | 1,425,538.90 | 1,455,875.99 | 30,337.09 | | |
| Total Central Government | 5,574,064.61 | 5,720,128.93 | 146,064.32 | | |
| GUARANTEED | | | | | |
| J APAN | 80,811.97 | 83,262.62 | 2,450.66 | | |
| GERMANY | 2,622.75 | 2,765.00 | 142.25 | | |
| K enya Airways (C ommercial Debt) | 88,817.17 | 90,345.76 | 1,528.59 | | |
| Sub Total | 172,251.89 | 176,373.39 | 4,121.50 | | |
| CENTRAL GOVERNMENT+ GUARANTEED TOTAL DEBT | 5,746,316.51 | 5,896,502.32 | 150, 185.81 | | |

Source: National Treasury

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